AWC Count Result Conducted in January 2017



AWC(Asian waterbird count) 13 Jan 2017 Sejinkat (6 counters)









Sejjinkat Ash pond Results

- 6 Cattle Egret Bubulcus ibis
- 25 Little Egret E.garzetta
- 2 Great Egret E. alba
- 23 Pacific Golden Plover Pluvialis fulva
- 10 Little Ringed Plover *C.dubius*
- 30 Black-tailed Godwitt Limosa limosa
- 300 Bar-tailed Godwitt L. lapponica
- 35 Whimbrel *N.phaeopus*
- 400 Eurasian Curlew *N.arquata*
- 500 Far Eastern Curlew N. madagascariensis
- 10 Marsh Sandpiper T.stagnatills
- 20 Greenshank T. nebularia
- 2 Wood Sandpiper Xenus cinereus
- 6 Common Sandpiper Actitis hypoleucos
- 600 Unidentified shorebirds
- ADDITIONAL SPECIES
- 1 Common Kingfisher

AWC(Asian waterbird count)14Jan Buntal Bay (4 Counters)









Bako Buntal Bay Results

- 43 Chinese (Swinhoe's Egret E. eulophotes
- 1 Great Egret *E* .alba
- 416 Grey Plover P.Squatarola
- 200 Kentish Plover C. alexandrinus
- 2 Malaysian Plover C peronil
- 1500 Mongolian Plover *C mongolus*
- 2500 Greater Sand Plover C. leschenaultii
- 80 Bar-tailed Godwit L. lapponica
- 20 Whimbrel *N.phaeopus*
- 2 Eurasian Curlew N. arquata
- 30 Far Eastern Curlew *N.madagascariensis*
- 3 Redshanks Tringa erythropus
- 9 Greenshank T.nebularia
- 1500 Terek Sandpiper Xenus cinereus
- 10 Common Sandpiper Actitis hypoleucos
- 7 Grey-tailed (Grey-rumped)Tattler Heteroscelus brevipes
- 60 Ruddy Turnstone Arenaria interpres
- 100 Red Knot Calidris canutus
- 300 Red-necked (Rufous-necked) Stint C. ruficollis
- 100 Curlew Sandpiper C.ferruginea
- 2000 Unidentified shorebirds
- 400 Unidentified terns

Site: Old Bintulu Airport Grassfield Counted on 14 January 2017(1 counter)

- 10 Cattle Egret Bubulcus ibis
- 2 Intermediate Egret E.eulophotes
- 1 Great Egret E.Alba
- 5 Little Ringed Plover C dubios
- 1 Wood Sandpiper T. ochropus
- 2 Common Sandpiper Actitis hypoleucos

ADDIONAL SPECIES

•2 Brahminy Kite

Site:Tanjung Batu-Kidurong Mud Lagoon-Counted on 14 January 2017(1 counter)

- 4 Kentish Plover *C. alexandrinus*
- 2 Mongolian Plover *C. mongolus*
- 1 Greenshank T. nebularia
- 2 Common sandpiper Actitis hypoleucos
- 500 Wandering Whistling Duck (Lesser Tree Duck) D. javanica

ADDIONAL SPECIES

- 1 Oriental Honey Buzzard
- 2 Brahminy Kite
- 1 Common kingfisher

CHALLENGES (1)

- •Only 1 or 2 members can ID waterbirds
- •Difficulties in getting to the sites.
- •Sarawak has a long coastline, 350 miles
- •Places like Lawas, Pulau Bruit, Pulau Patok are not easily accessible
- •So counts are restricted to 1 or 2 sites
- •Some volunteers may only take photos, but cannot count.
- •Counters may be reluctant to continue due to time, costs.

CHALLENGES (2)

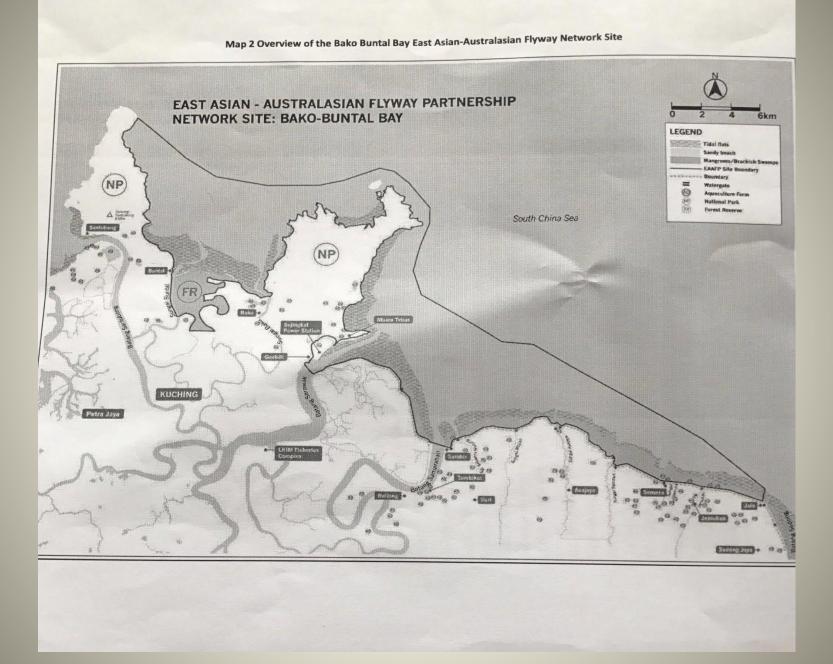
- So far, there was only one waterbird workshop in Kuching Branch, by Dave Bakewell
- No follow-ups on training, so no interest to continue.
- During Sarawak Waterbird Survey, MNS Kuching Branch tried unsuccessfully to engage Sarawak Forestry Corporation's staff.
- However, awareness campaigns were successfully carried out in coastal schools and coastal villages.

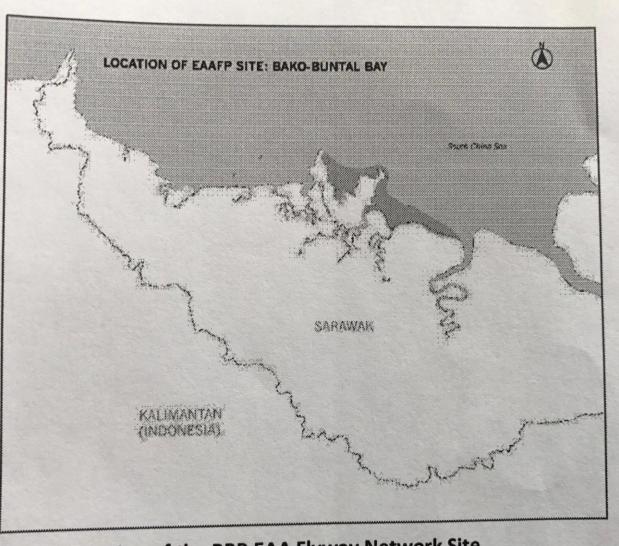
SUGGESTIONS

- Recruit experienced counters from Peninsular Malaysia to assist in Sarawak
- Involve local communities who live along the coastal villages.
- Conduct Train The Trainer workshops (include Miri & Kuching)
- Treat AWC as an special long-term project, rather than count randomly once a year.
- There is already data available during the Sarawak Waterbird Survey which can be followed up.
- Need to plan ahead annually logistics boats, 4 x 4.
- Purchase equipment (telescope, binoculars)
- Reward nominal sums of money for meals, petrol, time.

BAKO BUNTAL BAY – East Asian-ha) Australasian Flyway Network Site (2,800 (1)

- Sarawak Forestry Corporation has come up with a BBB Sustainable Use Concepts, which engaged MNS Kuching Branch from the beginning:-
- Ecological Character of BBB
 - Waterbirds of BBB (regularly supports 30,000 waterbirds, of 80 species
 - As a wintering site
- Managing BBB for Wintering Birds
- Managing BBB for Wildlife Watching
- Branding Concept for BBB





Map 1 Location of the BBB EAA Flyway Network Site

BAKO BUNTAL BAY – East Asian-ha) Australasian Flyway Network Site (2,800 (2)

- In 2011, MNS recorded 35,338 birds in the whole of BBB EAAF Network Site.
- Count represented 50% of all shorebirds counted Sarawak, making BBB the most important site for migratory birds in Sarawak.
- Presently the site has the highest wintering population of waterbirds in the whole of Malaysia.

Globally Threatened Species

- Christmas Frigatebird (regularly seen)
- Spotted Greenshank (Nordmann's Greenshank) (seen in small numbers)
- Chinese Egret (BBB supports at least 12% of world
- S population wintering in Sarawak, majority at BBB.
- Lesser Adjutant Stork (from Pulau Bruit to BBB)

<u>Proposed Involvement by MNS with State Planning</u> <u>Unit/ Forestry Department Sarawak/UNIMAS/Local</u> <u>Communities/Other Related Agencies (1)</u>

- Survey active and abandoned aquaculture farms to determine their use by birds during high tides.
- Identify the best site to create a permanent roost site (should be an abandoned ponds)
- Develop a restoration plan for this site.
- Work with farm managers to manage certain ponds for roosting birds (correct water levels is crucial)

<u>Proposed Involvement by MNS with State Planning</u> <u>Unit/ Forestry Department Sarawak/UNIMAS/Local</u> <u>Communities/Other Related Agencies (2)</u>

- Implement monitoring surveys to collect baseline data for roosting preference by different species
- Assess tree-roost locations for protection of the birds.
- Conduct monthly detailed monitoring surveys for better quality data on the usage of these sites.
- Determine a suitable location to observe a permanent high tide roost.

THANK YOU.

Ians Hazebroek